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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR Ralf Assmann 9320 10/615,661 07/09/2003 **EXAMINER** 7590 11/01/2005 STRIKER, STRIKER & STENBY LE, HUYEN D 103 East Neck Road ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER Huntington, NY 11743 3751

DATE MAILED: 11/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | ℓ | |
|---|---|--|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
| Office Action Summary | 10/615,661 | ASSMANN, RALF |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Huyen Le | 3751 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply | pears on the cover sheet | with the correspondence address |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING C - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | DATE OF THIS COMMUI 136(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) M te, cause the application to become | NICATION. r a reply be timely filed IONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. RABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | |
| 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05/1 | <u>19/2005</u> . | |
| 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ Thi | s action is non-final. | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowated closed in accordance with the practice under | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 6-8 is/are withdrawn 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-5 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | n from consideration. | |
| Application Papers | | |
| 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin | | |
| 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acc | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents. * See the attached detailed Office action for a list. | nts have been received. Its have been received in Ority documents have been It (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | n Application No en received in this National Stage |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) ☐ Intervie | w Summary (PTO-413) |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date | Paper N | No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by Fleischer et al (6,719,006) or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Fleischer et al (6,719,006).

The Fleischer et al reference discloses a pressure control valve comprising a valve unit 12 extruded from plastic, wherein the valve unit 12 is arranged coaxially to an actuator unit 16 and serves to control a fluid flow between a supply port 50 and a consumer port 48, and wherein fluid channels 34, 44 and a valve chamber P are formed in the valve unit 12 wherein a valve closing member 32 is disposed in the valve chamber P, and wherein the fluid channels 34,44 and the valve chamber P are formed on an injection-molded preform 18 (col. 1, lines 52-55, col. 2, lines 47-55) that includes a flange 40.

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Although Fleischer et al does not disclose the extrusion coating process used to mold the flange 40 on the perform or hydraulic 18, it appears that the valve unit 12 of Fleischer would be similar as that claimed.

Regarding claim 2, the perform 18 has a seating plate 38, wherein the seating plate is oriented at a right angle to a longitudinal axis of the valve unit 12.

Regarding claim 3, the preform 18 has at least one plane of symmetry.

Regarding claim 4, the valve closing member 32 is a sphere.

Regarding claim 5, the valve closing member 32 can be actuated by means of a slide valve 28, wherein the slide valve 28 penetrates the perform 18 in axial direction.

4. Claims 1 and 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Najmolhoda (5,921,526) or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Najmolhoda (5,921,526).

The Najmolhoda reference discloses a pressure control valve comprising a valve unit 10 extruded from plastic, wherein the valve unit 10 is arranged coaxially to an actuator unit 14 and serves to control a fluid flow between a supply port 72 and a consumer port 80, and wherein fluid channels 18f, 74a and a valve chamber 18e are formed in the valve unit 10 wherein a valve closing member 38 is disposed in the valve chamber 18e, and wherein the fluid channels 18f, 74a and the valve chamber 18e are formed on an injection-molded preform 18 that includes a flange 19a.

Although Najmolhoda et al does not disclose the extrusion coating process used to mold the flange 19a of housing 19 on the perform or hydraulic 18, it appears that the valve unit 12 of Najmolhoda et al would be similar to that as claimed.

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Regarding claim 3, the preform 18 has at least one plane of symmetry.

Regarding claim 4, the valve closing member 38 is a sphere.

Regarding claim 5, the valve closing member 38 can be actuated by means of a slide valve 22, wherein the slide valve 22 penetrates the perform 18 in axial direction.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fleischer et al (6,719,006) in view of Maier et al (5,775,355).

The Fleischer et al reference discloses a pressure control valve comprising a valve unit 12 extruded from plastic, wherein the valve unit 12 is arranged coaxially to an actuator unit 16 and serves to control a fluid flow between a supply port 50 and a consumer port 48, and wherein fluid channels 34, 44 and a valve chamber P are formed in the valve unit 12 wherein a valve closing member 32 is disposed in the valve chamber P, and wherein the fluid channels 34,44 and the valve chamber P are formed on an injection-molded preform 18 (col. 1, lines 52-55, col. 2, lines 47-55) that includes a flange 40.

Although Fleischer et al does not disclose that the flange 40 is connected to the perform or hydraulic 18 by extrusion coating, attention is directed to Maier et al

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reference which teaches a control valve comprising a valve casing 8 having a flange 58 extrusion-coated thereon.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have the flange extrusion-coated on the Fleischer et al valve in view of the teaching of Maier et al reference as an alternative way of connecting the valve parts together.

7. Claims 1 and 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Najmolhoda (5,921,526) in view of Maier et al (5,775,355).

The Najmolhoda reference discloses a pressure control valve comprising a valve unit 10 extruded from plastic, wherein the valve unit 10 is arranged coaxially to an actuator unit 14 and serves to control a fluid flow between a supply port 72 and a consumer port 80, and wherein fluid channels 18f, 74a and a valve chamber 18e are formed in the valve unit 10 wherein a valve closing member 38 is disposed in the valve chamber 18e, and wherein the fluid channels 18f, 74a and the valve chamber 18e are formed on an injection-molded preform 18 that includes a flange 19a.

Although Najmolhoda does not disclose that the flange 19a (or housing 19) is connected to the perform or hydraulic 18 by extrusion coating, attention is directed to Maier et al reference which teaches a control valve comprising a valve casing 8 having a flange 58 extrusion-coated thereon.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have the flange extrusion-coated on the Najmolhoda

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preform or bobbin in view of the teaching of Maier et al reference as an alternative way of connecting the valve parts together.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed on 5/19/2005 and 7/28/2005 with respect to claims 1-5 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Huyen Le whose telephone number is 571-272-4890. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Justine Yu can be reached on 571-272-4835. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Huyen Le Examiner Art Unit 3751

October 17, 2005

JUSTINE R. YU
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700

10/27/00